taxy exist between any of the species. The most diagnostic feature for separation is the structure of the male genitalia. The male genitalia of the new form and of the three most closely related species have been drawn to the same scale to show these differences.

show these differences.

Carduiceps cingulatus Denny, 1842), fig. 1, is illustrated from material collected from Limosa limosa (Linnaeus), the Black-tailed Godwit.

Carduiceps complexivus (Kellogg and Chapman, 1899), fig. 3, is illustrated from material collected from Crocethia alba (Pallas), the Sanderling.

Carduiceps scalaris (Piaget, 1880), fig. 4, is illustrated from material collected from Philomachus pugnax (Linnaeus), the Ruff.

## DOLICHODERUS GRANULATUS PERGANDE, A SYNONYM

(HYMENOPTERA, FORMICIDAE)

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In the 1896 (1895) Proceedings of the California Academy of Sciences (see reference below), Theodore Pergande described the ant, *Dolichoderus granulatus* from 12 workers collected by Messrs. G. A. Eisen and Frank H. Vaslit in Tepic, Mexico during September or October, 1894. The form, however, apparently escaped Emery's attention in his treatment of the ants of the world in the Genera Insectorum for it is not recorded there as a synonym or otherwise.

Recently 5 of the 12 cotype workers were located in the collections of the United States National Museum. The workers are mounted singly on a pin to which is attached a handwritten label, "Tepic, Mexico," and also a printed label, "Collection T. Pergande." One of the workers of the series bears a handwritten label, "Dolichoderus granulatus, n. sp., type, Perg." The handwriting on all of the labels appears to be that of Pergande. Upon carefully examining the specimens I was much surprised to find that they really are Camponotus (Myrmobrachys) striatus (F. Sm.), a well known form.

## Camponotus (Myrmobrachys) striatus (F. Smith)

Formica striata F. Smith, 1862, Trans. Ent. Soc. London (Ser. 3) 1:30, worker. Type locality, Panama (specific locality not known, collector R. W. Stretch). Types in the British Museum (Natural History).
Dolichoderus granulatus Pergande, 1896 (1895), Proc. Calif. Acad. Sci. (Ser. 2) 5: 866-867, worker. Type locality, Tepic, Mexico (collectors G. A. Eisen and Frank H. Vaslit). Types in the United States National Museum. New Synonymy.